

Holt County Sentinel.

VARIETIES.

"An honest man is the noblest work of the Lord!" enthusiastically exclaimed a Hardsell Baptist; and then, after a pause, he added, "but the Lord hasn't had a job in the world for fifty years."

An old lady when told of her husband's death, exclaimed: "Well, I do declare, our troubles never come alone. It ain't a week since I lost my best hen, and now Mr. Thompson has gone, too, poor man."

An exchange says: "It is better to love a person you cannot marry, than to marry a person you cannot love." This is a short text for a long sermon, which human experience will continue to preach until the last syllable of recorded time.

"If I am not at home from the party to-night at 10 o'clock," said a husband to his better and bigger half, "don't wait for me." That I won't," replied the lady, significantly; "I won't wait, but I'll come for you." The gentleman returned at 10 o'clock precisely.

It has been estimated that tobacco is used by at least eight hundred millions of men; opium by four hundred millions and the cocoa leaf by ten millions; and those who consume the betel-nut, arsenic, and other stimulants and narcotics, when enumerated, would swell the list to many millions more.

Of all the mean and contemptible men—or persons calling themselves men—in this world, he that sneaks through life on tip-toe with his ear at the key-hole of everybody's business except his own, is the most to be detested. They are a great deal worse than the man that was caught stealing acorns from a blind pig. They would rob Gabriel of his trumpet, if possible, and use it in circulating lies of their own invention calculated to injure the character of honest people.

A CLERGYMAN and one of his elderly parishioners were walking home from church one frosty day lately when the old gentleman slipped and fell flat on his back. The minister, looking at him a moment, and being assured that he was not much hurt; said to him: "Friend, sinners stand on slippery places."

The old gentleman looked up, as if to assure himself of the fact, and said: "I see they do, but I can't."

A story is told of a clergyman who lived in Lowell, who was once charged with having violently dragged his wife from a revival meeting, and compelled her to go home with him. The clergyman let the story run ahead till he had a fair opportunity to give it a broadside. Upon being charged with the offence, he replied as follows:

"In the first place, I never attempted to influence my wife in her views, nor her choice of a meeting. Secondly, my wife has not attended any of the revival meetings. In the third place, I have not attended any of the meetings for any purpose whatever. To conclude, neither my wife nor myself have any inclination to go to those meetings. Finally, I never had a wife."

AN UNMITIGATED RASCAL T—two young lawyers, Archy Brown and Thomas Jones, were fond of dropping into Mr. Smith's parlor, and spending an hour or two with his only daughter, Mary. One evening, when Brown and Mary had discussed almost every topic, Brown suddenly, in his sweetest tones, struck out as follows:

"Do you think Mary, you could leave father and mother, pleasant home, with all its ease and comforts, and emigrate to the far West, with a young lawyer, who had little besides his profession to depend upon, and with him search out a new home, which it should be your joint duty to beautify and make beautiful and happy like this?"

Dropping her head softly on his shoulder, she whispered: "I think I could, Archy."

"Well," said he, "there is Tom Jones, who is going to emigrate, and wants to get a wife; I will mention it to him."

Rules to be Observed.
When you attend church, go late; it is fashionable.

Make much noise in threading the aisles. This attracts attention.
When any one enters turn around and gaze at them. That's what your eyes are made for.

If you are sitting on the outer end of the pew always let the next corner push you in to the seat.
In time of prayer let your eyes survey the congregation. Whispering and tittering would not be out of place.

If you don't know the hymn, while it is being sung, hum it.

Leave your children at home, and bring your dog to church.

And last, though not least, finish your nap before the benediction is pronounced. We invariably do the latter, and some people we know of would do well to imitate our example.—[Hannibal Courier.

FARM AND HOUSE.

Profits of a Cow.

We have seen an extract from a letter received by Rev. STEPHEN BLANCHARD from his father-in-law—a resident of Ohio. He states that from the milk of one cow, his wife has made and sold 105 lbs of butter between Dec. 1st 1865, and Feb. 3d, 1866, besides keeping enough for family use. In addition to this enormous yield of butter, a calf was raised by the same animal in the period. For the cow \$90 had been offered.

This gives 52 and 1-2 pounds per month as yielded of butter—nearly two pounds per day.

Butter in this market is worth twenty-five cents per pound, at this price that cow would have made a cash return to her owner for the period mentioned of twenty-six dollars and twenty-five cents.

We do not wonder that Ohio farmers buy farms at from forty to sixty dollars per acre to raise butter and cheese on.

Dairying will pay just as well in Missouri as in Ohio, and land here bears no comparison in selling price, to land there, while in productiveness it very far exceeds it.

We understand that Mr. JOSEPH MARTIN, one of our subscribers is about establishing a dairy, two miles South-east of Oregon. We predict his success.

New Advertisements.

POWERS' PATENT PERPETUAL BROOM.

PATENTED JUNE 27, 1865.

Description of the Broom.

A light cone of brass receives the corn, which is held fast by a double row of teeth made of malleable iron inserted between the two rows of corn and drawn into the cone by means of a screw entering an iron nut in the handle. A brass ferrule covers the nut and gives a bearing to the shoulder of the cone. Two small brass wires, about an inch and a quarter in length, extend from the two angles of the centerpiece, within the cone to the edges of the broom, when filled, having on each side a small hook to connect a narrow brass band that flattens and stiffens the broom, instead of sewing.

The difference in weight, between this and the ordinary broom is no more than two or three ounces, and not perceptible. This is the only patent in which the amount of corn can be varied at pleasure, according as you may wish a light or heavy broom. They wear much longer than the ordinary brooms, from the fact that they are not injured by alternate wetting and drying, and cannot work or shake loose at the handle.

It would be superfluous to tell housekeepers that the vast majority of brooms would last twice as long if some measure could be introduced that would secure the corn to the handle till it could be worn out. In this broom this end is effectually accomplished.

Some of its Merits.

Among the many advantages, claimed for this broom the principal are its durability and the cheapness, ease and despatch with which it may, at any time be renewed, and therefore its practical economy.

Any man or woman, and almost any child of ten years, can make a perfect broom without any machinery, in ten minutes, and renew it as often as it wears out. Farmers can raise a few hills of broom corn each year, and having purchased one broom for \$2.00, can make their own, without the expense of a shilling or a penny.

And in cities people may renew their brooms at pleasure, for the simple price of the corn—now not more than five or eight cents—instead of paying, as they now do, fifty cents, for a broom that will not wear half as long.

We know of no reason why a handle and fixtures may not last a lifetime.

Whenever a demand is created for any article the country produces, some one stands ready to respond. For instance, in the spring we want some delicacies that the season does not afford; but they have been preserved for us. In the summer we want vegetables, that we could not raise, and we find that some one in the outskirts of the city anticipated our wants and brought them to our door. And may we not believe that these same men will bring us corn for our brooms, as soon as we create a demand for it?

Inducements to Capitalists and Manufacturers.

It is a conceded fact, and admitted by every one, that if the capitalist or manufacturer can secure a monopoly of the sale and manufacture of any article of universal consumption, that they have laid the stepping stone to a permanent structure of wealth. The cause of so many failures with men of enterprise and small capital is the competition of business—the advantages of combined capital against the man of limited means with no protection thrown around him. It is seldom that there is an article patented that is destined to come into general use, and can readily be sold in every family in the land. From time immemorial,

The Broom.
Has been an indispensable article in every house, and may we not safely conclude that it always will continue so?

If, then, the sale of this article is unlimited, and there is no end to the demand while time lasts, can there be a shadow of risk in securing the sale and manufacture of one of the most complete and simply made brooms that the world ever produced?

It has been the custom of forefathers, from the days of the Roman Empire to the present time, to construct the broom on the same plan, without even an effort to improve them, but ours is an age of progression. Old things are being done away with, and a more useful and simple machinery is fast taking their place, thus it is that we are advancing and keeping pace with the age in which our lot has been cast.

The success of this broom is no longer a doubt. The certainty of its being universally introduced into every house, is only a question of time. Wherever men have taken hold of it, and commenced manufacturing, the demand has no parallel in any article ever made. There are successful operations a number of factories,

and this, too, all in the space of a few months. As the patent was not granted till June 27th, 1865. In Chicago, Ill., Mr. Charles E. Brown, the assignee of the patent, has the largest manufacturing of the kind on the American Continent, and it is not yet three months since it was put in motion, in Michigan, Indiana, Wisconsin, Iowa, and Minnesota. They are being manufactured by the quantity, and in the city of St. Louis, arrangements are being completed to enter extensively into the manufacture of the articles, and may we not safely conclude that there are capitalists ready and willing to carry this same enterprise in the Territory of Nebraska.

Having the exclusive control of the Territory of Nebraska, will dispose of county and township rights at prices that cannot fail to suit purchasers. "A word to the wise is sufficient."

Directions for Filling the Broom.

The top of the stump should be about two inches above the top of the cone; fill in a row around the outer circle of the cone of your straightest and best corn, and then fill the inside with the inferior corn, if you wish to use it, after which turn the handle till the corn is as tight as you wish it to be, holding your hand on the brush at the same time to steady the broom, after which put your band wire and insert the hook and stump wires, and the broom is completed; all of which does not take much longer than rearing the directions.

Persons cannot be too careful in keeping the handle sufficiently tight, to keep the corn secure, as many persons are apt to uncover it in examining the broom and leave it so; the next one comes along, takes hold and shakes it, and by repeating it the broom will become loose, and lead some to think that it was the fault of the broom, when in fact it is the carelessness of supercilious persons.

The broom is, of itself, so simple that the most stupid person, cannot fail to understand it at a glance.

DANIEL ZOOK.

Oregon, Mo.

NORTH MISSOURI RAILROAD

CONNECTS with the Hannibal & St. Jo. R. R. at Macon City, 136 miles east of St. Jo. and forms the

Only All Railroad Route to St. Louis and all points east, north and south via St. Louis.

Baggage checked through and handled free of charge. Ticket agents of H. & St. Jo. Railroad will not discriminate, and passengers will have to choose their own route. Fare by this route is the same to New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore, Cincinnati, and all points east, as by way of Chicago, or any other route. Passengers purchasing tickets via the North Missouri Railroad have this advantage over the Keokuk packets: they avoid 100 miles of river navigation by night, the unavoidable delays incident to steamboat navigation, besides the

North Mo. R. R. Trains Await De-lays of the H. & St. Jo. R. R.

Making passengers a certain connection instead of a possibility of losing connection with boat at Hannibal and at Quincy with trains. In case of either, passengers will make quicker time via the North Missouri Railroad than by any other route. Another advantage is, that we make certain connections with the Ohio & Mississippi, Atlantic & Great Western, Saint Louis & Terre Haute, and St. Louis & Chicago Railroads, the finest and most superbly equipped roads in the West.

Passengers have the right to choose, in connection with the North Missouri Railroad, any of the above roads—fare the same.

Tickets can be had at the ticket offices of the Hannibal & St. Joseph Railroad, in St. Joseph. Ask ticket agents by way of the North Missouri Railroad, and see that your baggage is checked through.

ISAAH H. STURGEON, Pres't and Gen'l Supt., St. Louis, Mo. H. H. WHEELER, Gen'l Ticket Agent, St. Louis, Mo. L. M. DUNN, General Western Agent. P. H. EARLY, Agent, St. Joseph.

The Model Parlor Magazine of America! DEMOREST'S

Monthly Magazine.

Combines and presents the most interesting, useful and attractive array of popular features ever offered in a Magazine, including larger and more costly steel engravings than are furnished in any other.

ORIGINAL STORIES, And Poems by the Most Eminent Authors, New and valuable Music by the most

POPULAR COMPOSERS, Architecture and Model Cottages, with diagrams, Fine Portraits of eminent persons.

The Fashions. In every department of Ladies and Children's Dress, splendidly illustrated with unrivalled and model FASHION PLATES, and our usual full size Patterns, braid and embroidery. Also Household matters and Receipts, with Jennie Jones' talks on Woman's Topics; Paris Correspondence, etc., together with a constant succession of brilliant novelties, all to be finely and artistically illustrated, and the Magazine to be printed on the finest paper, and in a style for binding into a handsome volume for the centre-table at the close of the year.

Yearly, \$3.00, with a set of Two beautiful Parlor Steel Engravings, or a package containing two dollars worth of extra full size Patterns, a premium to each subscriber. Each additional subscriber, when sent in clubs, \$2.50; three Copies, \$7.50; Five copies for \$12; Ten copies for \$22, with the premium to each subscriber. Address

W. JENNINGS DEMOREST, 478 Broadway, New York.

Single copies mailed free on receipt of price. Back numbers, as specimens, 10 cents.

Splendid premiums are offered for clubs, consisting of Gold Pens, Albums, yearly subscriptions to the best Magazines, Webster's Large Dictionary, Clothes Wringers, Music Boxes, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Pianos, etc., etc. Anybody can easily secure one of the above premiums.

1866. THE LADY'S FRIEND—devoted to Literature and Fashion. Two dollars and fifty cents a year. We give Wheeler & Wilson's celebrated fifty-five dollar Sewing Machines on the following terms:

20 copies and Sewing Machine, \$ 70
30 copies and the Machine, 85
40 copies and the Machine, 100
Send 15 cents for a sample copy to Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut st., Philadelphia.

Feathers Wanted.

ANY amount of new feathers wanted for which the market price will be paid by COTTRELL, KEVES & CO.

BLANK DEEDS. SUPPLY ALWAYS ON HAND AT THE Notary Office. Can supply all demands for blanks.

GREAT EXCITEMENT

Among the Ladies of Holt Co.!!

GRAND RUSH,

FOR THE

WILCOX & GIBBS

SILENT

SEWING MACHINE!!

IT IS ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE BEST FAMILY MACHINE

In the World!

It is Fast Superceding all Others Wherever it is Introduced.

THE following are a few of its principal advantages over other machines, and are some of the reasons of its great popularity:

It is entirely noiseless in operation. It never gets out of order, and will not run backward.

The blade of the needle is less than 1/8 of an inch long, and it cannot be set wrong. The HEMMERS, FELLER or BRAIDER cannot be set wrong.

A blind person can set either of them or the needle.

It runs faster and easier than any other, and never drops stitches.

It takes the thread from the spool without rewinding, and it is the only machine which makes the "TWISTED LOOP STITCH."

The hem and fell is always TURNED UNDER, as it should be, showing the right side of the stitch on the right side of the work, and the hem may be of any width without basting.

It will do perfect work on any goods, from a barege veil to the heaviest beaver cloth.

We Fully Warrant every Machine To be perfect in all respects, and to do all we claim for it.

Call and examine this beautiful Silent Sewing Machine, Or send for circular containing full information, notices from the press, testimonials from those using the machine, &c., &c.

ROBINSON & PLATTNER, Agents, FOREST CITY, MO. M. W. LEET, Gen'l Agent, Saint Louis, Missouri. 122 6m

WEED'S

HIGHEST PREMIUM

Shuttle Sewing Machine

Has only to be Seen and Operated to be Appreciated.

CALL and see for yourself before purchasing. Please bring sample of various kinds of thread, (such as is usually found at stores), and various kinds of fabric, which you know the former most popular Sewing Machines either cannot work at all, or, at best, very imperfectly.

SUPERIORITY over any other Machine in the market will be seen at a glance.

1st. It runs easily and rapidly, and is so constructed as to endure all kinds of usage.

2d. No breaking of threads in going over seams.

3d. No imperfect action of the feed at uneven places in the work.

4th. The Weed-stitch catches of itself, and sews from the finest lace to the heaviest leather, and from 200 cotton to coarse linen thread.

5th. The Weed Machine will do beautiful quilting on the bare wadding, without using inner lining, thus leaving it soft as if done by hand.

6th. The variety of fancy work that can be done on the

WEED MACHINE, with so little trouble, makes it equal, if not superior, to SIX MACHINES combined; for instance it binds, Hems, Tucks and sews on the band at the same time, and in fact the

WEED NO. 2 MACHINE, as before stated, is equivalent to a combination of any six ordinary machines.

Orders for machines may be sent through the AMERICAN ADVERTISING AGENCY, 389 Broadway, New York.

Now we give a few prices:— No. 2 Oil Black Walnut, Ornamented with Hemmer, \$60 00

No. 2 Oil Black Walnut, Half Case, Ornamented, with Hemmer, 65 00

No. 2 Extra Oil Polished Black Walnut, Half Case, Large Table, beautifully Ornamented, 75 00

WEED SEWING MACHINE CO., 506 Broadway, New York.

EVERY SATURDAY,

A JOURNAL OF CHOICE READING, SELECTED FROM

Foreign Current Literature.

A new Weekly Journal publication (commenced Jan. 6th, 1866) by Messrs. Ticknor & Fields, Boston, presents some of the best literature of the day as presented in English and Continental Magazines and Periodicals. The plan is to furnish: Incidents of Travel and Adventure, Essays Critical and Descriptive, Serial Tales, Biographies, Literary Intelligence, etc. Each number contains 32 large octavo pages.

TERMS:— One number 10 cents. Per annum, \$5 in advance. Monthly parts, 128 handsomely bound pages, 50 cents each. Subscribers to any of the other periodicals published by Ticknor & Fields will receive Every Saturday for 1 year in advance. Address

TICKNOR & FIELDS, 124 Tremont street, Boston.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY, DEVOTED TO Literature, Science, Art, and Politics.

PUBLISHED MONTHLY BY TICKNOR & FIELDS, 135 WASHINGTON, COR. SCHOOL STREET, Boston, Mass.

TERMS: Single Subscription—Single numbers 36 cents. CLUB RATES—Two copies for \$4 five copies \$10; ten copies \$30, and each additional copy three dollars. For every club of twenty subscribers an extra copy will be furnished gratis, or twenty-one copies for sixty dollars.

HELMBOLD.

FLUID EXTRACT

—OF—

BUCHU.

AT THE CAPE OF GOOD HOPE

The Hottentots

Have long used

BUCHU.

FOR A VARIETY OF DISEASES.

It was borrowed from those rude practitioners by the

ENGLISH AND DUTCH PHYSICIANS, On whose recommendation it was employed in Europe, and has now come into general use.

IT IS GIVEN CHIEFLY IN

Gravel, Chronic Catarrh of the Bladder,

MORBID IRRITATION

OF THE BLADDER AND URETHRA,

FOR FEMALE WEAKNESS AND

DEBILITY,

For Prolapsus and Bearing Down,

or Prolapsus Uteri,

DISEASES OF THE PROSTATE GLAND,

RETENTION, OR INCONTINENCE OF URINE,

And all diseases requiring the aid of a diuretic arising from a loss of tone in the

parts concerned in its evacuation.

IT IS ALSO RECOMMENDED IN CASES OF

DISPEPSIA,

CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, Cutaneous Affections and Dropsy.

To cure these diseases we must bring into action the muscles which are engaged in their various functions. To neglect them, however slight may be the attack, is sure to affect the bodily health and mental powers.

OUR FLESH AND BLOOD, are supported from these sources.

PERSONS AT EVERY PERIOD OF LIFE From Infancy to Old Age,

and in every state of health, are liable to be subjects of these diseases.

The Cause in Many Instances are Unknown.

The patient has, however, an admirable remedy in

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT OF BUCHU.

Philadelphia Evening Bulletin Editorial, SEPT. 15, 1865.

HELMBOLD'S

GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

His Solid and Fluid Extracts embody the full strength of the ingredients of which they are named. They are left to the inspection of all. A ready and conclusive test of their properties will be a comparison with those set forth in the United States Dispensatory. These remedies are prepared by H. T. Helmbold, a druggist of sixteen years' experience in this city, and we believe them to be reliable; in fact, we have never known an article lacking merit to meet with a permanent success, and Mr. Helmbold's success is certainly prima facie evidence. His Drug and Chemical Warehouse, in the city of New York, is not excelled, if equaled, by any in the country, and we would advise our readers, when visiting that city, to give him a call, and judge for themselves.

HELMBOLD'S

EXTRACT OF BUCHU.

HELMBOLD.

vol-118-17.

Scrofula, or King's Evil,

is a constitutional disease, a corruption of the blood, by which this fluid becomes vitiated, weak, and poor. Being in the circulation, it pervades the whole body, and may burst out in disease on any part of it. No organ is free from its attacks, nor is there one which it may not destroy. The scrofulous taint is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered or unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation; indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children."

Its effects commence by deposition from the blood of corrupt or ulcerous matter, which, in the lungs, liver, and internal organs, is termed tubercles; in the glands, swellings; and on the surface, eruptions or sores. This foul corruption, which renders in the blood, depresses the energies of life, so that scrofulous constitutions not only suffer from scrofulous complaints, but they have far less power to withstand the attacks of other diseases; consequently vast numbers perish by disorders which, although not scrofulous in their nature, are still rendered fatal by this taint in the system. Most of the consumption which decimates the human family has its origin directly in this scrofulous contamination; and many destructive diseases of the liver, kidneys, brain, and, indeed, of all the organs, arise from or are aggravated by the same cause.

One quarter of all our people are scrofulous; their persons are invaded by this lurking infection, and their health is undermined by it. To cleanse it from the system we must renovate the blood by an alternative medicine, and invigorate it by healthy food and exercise. Such a medicine we supply in

AYER'S

Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla,

the most effectual remedy which the medical skill of our times can devise for this everywhere prevailing and fatal malady. It is combined from the most active remedies that have been discovered for the expurgation of this foul disorder from the blood, and the rescue of the system from its destructive consequences. Hence it should be employed for the cure of not only Scrofula, but also those other affections which arise from it, such as BRUISES, ROSES, OR ERYSIPELAS, PIMPLES, PUSTULES, BLOTCHES, BEAVERS AND BOILS, TUMORS, ITCHES AND SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, RINGWORM, TETRACHIA, and various other eruptions of the skin, DROPSY, DYSPPEPSIA, DEBILITY, and, indeed, ALL COMPLAINTS ARISING FROM VITATED OR IMPURE BLOOD. The popular belief in "impurity of the blood" is founded in truth, for scrofula is a degeneration of the blood. The particular purpose and virtue of this Sarsaparilla is to purify and regenerate the blood, without which sound health is impossible in contaminated constitutions.

AYER'S

Ague Cure,

FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF

Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, Remittent Fever, Chills, Fever, Bilious Ague, Periodical Headache, or Bilious Headache, and Bilious Fevers, indeed for the whole class of diseases originating in bilious derangement, caused by the Malaria of Miasmatic Countries.

We are enabled here to offer the community a remedy which, while it cures the above complaints with certainty, is still perfectly harmless. In any quantity. Such a remedy is invaluable in districts where these afflicting disorders prevail. This "Ague Cure" expels the miasmatic poison of FEVER and AGUE from the system, and prevents the development of the disease, if taken on the first approach of its premonitory symptoms. It is not only the best remedy ever yet discovered for this class of complaints, but also the cheapest. The large quantity of pure Sarsaparilla which it contains, reaches every body; and in bilious districts, where FEVER and AGUE prevail, every body should have it and use it freely both for cure and protection. A great superiority of this remedy over any other ever discovered for the speedy and certain cure of Intermittent is that it contains no Quinine or mineral, consequently it produces no quinine or other injurious effects, and it acts upon the constitution. Those cured by it are left as healthy as if they had never had the disease.